DEFENDING DORSEY.

Col. Ingersoll Continues His Review of the Evidence and Arguments,

Devoting His Attention For a Day to a Party by the Name of Boone,

Who He Says Swore Under Great Pressure-Alleged Inconsistencies in His Statements.

Several Tilts With Col. Bliss in Regard to Points of Evidence.

Mr. Ingersoll continued his address to the jury in the star route case yesterday. The ourt room was crowded with spectators. Mr. Ingersoll resumed his review of Mr. Bliss's speech. He instanced many alleged errors on the part of that gentleman, and said that his object was to destroy his character as an index. He wanted it understood that Mr. Bliss did not know the contents of the papers, and did not truly state them.

Boone's testimony was then taken up and analyzed. The government relied upon analyzed. The government relied upon Boone's testimony, said Mr. Ingersell, to show that the conspiracy was born in the brain of S. W. Dorsey; that these other men were simply tools and instrumentalities in his hand. Boone was swearing under great pressure. His own testimony disclosed that he held 1,100 contracts; that he had been declared a failing contractor; that he had been indicted seven or ten times. That man was swearing under pressure: the That man was swearing under pressure; the government had its clutch upon his throat. It S. W. Dorsey got up the conspiracy himself, why did Peck write to him to engage a sell, why did Peck write to him to engage a competent man to collect information about the service. Beone saw that letter; Boone explained why letters were received in the name of his stepson, James H. Ketner; why secrecy had been observed. He showed that these things were perfectly honest, perfectly natural, and with the babits of men engaged in the mail business. The next great point made by the government was the fact that the proposals had been signed in blank; that showed an intention to commit a fraud upon

government. Vell their witness, Boone, their main prop until the paragon of virtue made his appearance on the stand, swore that he left the blanks; that it was customary with all coutractors not to insert the figures until the last moment. Then those Clendenin bonds, Boone swore that Dorsey never told him he wanted the blanks left. The expedition clause in the subcontracts, even us described by Mr. Bliss, was evidence that there was no conspiracy. If it showed anything, it was that the contractors could not get money out of the United States, and so rigged a purchase to squeeze it out of the subcontractors. But as a matter of fact the clause was not cor-rectly described. A man who could make a conspiracy out of those things could do anycould make a cover for Barnum's

circus out of a postage stamp.
It was undoubtedly true that the contractors chose routes with slow and infrequent service, because they thought that they would be increased and expedited. Boone swore that he did just that thing himself. All pru-dent contractors did it. Was it a crime to make the best bargain you could with the government? Was it not to be supposed that these gentlemen (the prosecuting attorneys), made the best bargain they could with the government? Was it not reasonable to sup-pose that slow mail service in a new country would grow with that country, and eventually made faster, and the trips more frequent? The coat tails of that point horizontalized in the dim distance. The prosecution wanted the jury to held Densey responsible as a conspirator for those blank bonds sent to Clendenin, when Boone swore positively that Dorsey gave him no instructions in regard to them, swore that they were to be re-turned to him—Boone. When Brady threat-ened to declare Miner and Peck failing contractors Dorsey was not here; he was in New Mexico. He knew when he went away that the service was down, yet he abandoned it. If Dorsey had been the prime conspirator would not Miner have said to him, "This is your child. I became a criminal at your sug-

gestion, because you urged me, and now, after we get the routes, you abandon us?" Why, he would have said to Dorsey, "If you are not going on with this conspiracy, "If you are not going on with this conspiracy, I am going back to Sandusky." But Miner knew that S. W. Dorsey was not interested in the routes to the extent of one dollar. If he the routes to the extent of one dollar. If he had, with the entire business trembling in the balance, been in a conspiracy with Brady, after advancing \$14,000 as security, would he have left the business? Yet the prosecution would have the jury believe that Dorsey ran away from his conspiracy, and that Brady would not attend to his business. The jury must remember that Boone did al! of the work of making proposals; did it all in his own way, and for the interest of all concerned without instructions from Dor-They must remember that when government asked them to believe that Dorsey was an active member of the combination, Boone swore that he never knew of the conspiracy. Look at that -a government witness, in a position where the Postoffice department could strip him of everything he had on earth, where the government could pursue and bound him, caught in the net of circumstances. Yet he swore that he never knew or heard of the alleged conspiracy. Then they showed the Chico Springs letter to Boone—the man with a noose around his neck and the other end in the hauds of Mr. Bliss. He spurned it from him; he said "S. W. Dorsey did not write that." Mr. Ker consumed a reach in his closing argument, but he over week in his closing argument, but he over-looked that Chico letter. Mr. Bliss followed in another week's argument, but he didn't have time to speak of it. Both of them were as dumb as oysters after a clap of thunder. They did not have the courage to speak about it; did not have the nerve. He would about it; did not have the nerve. He would cither have admitted that Rerdell forged that letter or swear that Dorsey wrote it.

Then they showed the celebrated pencil memorandum to Boone, and he swore that the criminating part was probably in Rerdell's handwriting. Then they dismissed him. After he had sworn that their principal witness was a forger they dismissed him. Called to the stand to brand Dorsey as a consultator.

ness was a forger they dismissed him. Called to the stand to brand Dorsey as a conspirator, he put the word "forger" upon the forehead of the principal government witness instead. Could the jury doubt that Boone knew everything that was going on? Was there ever a conspiracy like this, the news of which ran like wildfire through the west, yet of which Boone in Washington knew nothing?

Mr. Ingersoll then read from Mr. Blies's opening speech: "But we shall show to you

opening speech: "But we shall show to you that at least one United States senator urging increase was the paid agent of these defend-Where was that evidence? he asked. Mr. Bliss. I said that I would do it if you would put him on the stand.

Mr. Ingersoll (sarcastically). If we would furnish the evidence. How could I know the sons

Mr. Bliss. Was there more than one?
Mr. Ingersoll. I say that there was not one. I say that if you knew of such a person it was your duty as United States attorney to bring him to justice, and if you did not do it you neglected and shirked your duty.
Mr. Bliss. Whose name was on the pencil memorandum?

Mr. Ingersoll said that some such remark was made the other day and stricken out of the record. That pencil memorandum bore the name of Jas. H. Mitchell. (Feelingly.) would not for the world stain the reputa-ion of another when he was not present to erend himself. It is as bad to stab a reputadefend himself. tion as to kill flesh; as bad to kill the honor of a man as to put a dagger in his heart. He wanted every fact in this case to stand out Hke stars on a dark night, without a doubt to cloud them. When the verdict was given, he cloud them. When the verdict was given, he wanted every jurer to be able to say that it

wanted every juror to be able to say that it was founded on the rock of truth; that it was not tainted with misstatement or falsehood. If he had to prosecute a man; to take him from his home, leave his fireside to desolation, and he succeeded in his case; if after that he should find that he had used one misstatement, he would endeavor to set that man free by every means in his power. If they falled he would go down upon his knees and failed he would go down upon his knees and beg his pardon. He would rather go to the penitentiary himself. Maybe he was wrong. Maybe Mr. Bliss was right in sneering and of practice."

making insinuations against everything good and pure. But his belief was that justice sits the sternal king, holding in her hands the scales to weigh the acts of every man. He tried to make the world better and happier for his fellow creatures. He did not sneer at justice and mercy. Was it possible that Mr. Bliss had so mean and small an opinion of a Christian as to believe that a juror would swear away a man's liberty just to get even with an infidel? He (Mr. Ingersoil) knew that not one of the jurors would allow himself to be prejudiced against his client because they did not agree on a subject of which neither party knew anything. Mr. Bliss had made that remark in the hope of awakening in the jury small in the hope of awakening in the jury small prejudices, feelings that lurked unknown in

many breasts.

Mr. Ingersell then made an attack upon the indictment. He said that all of the acts said to have been committed prior to May, 1879, were simply put in to show the relation between the parties; were not overt acts, and to this the court assented. Unless Brady to this the court assented. Unless Brady conspired with Dorsey not one of the orders could be regarded as an overt act. What evidence had they that Brady conspired with Dorsey? He would satisfy the jury upon that point later on. Mr. Bliss questioned a quota-tion of eviden 2. Mr. Ingersoll said that he would show that he (Mr. Bliss) was wrong, as

he had been every time.

Mr. Bliss replied that Mr. Ingersoll would Mr. logomoli. Maybe you can then get a man to explain it for you. You can't.

Mr. Ingersoll next made a vigorous defense of John Dorsey. He asserted that he was ab-solutely honest. The only charge against him centered in the fact that he made the paper necessary to carry on the mail business after he sold out. The prosecution would have the jury believe that he was forced to commit perjury, forgery, and several other cheerful crimes by his former co-conspira-tors. Now, John Dorsey simply made out those papers to give the gentleman to whom he sold his contracts the rights he agreed to sell, the powers necessary to carry on the Adjourned.

A WEDDING ON THE HILL.

The Nuptials of a Stenographer and an East Washington Belle.

Waugh M. E. church, corner of A and Third streets northeast, was crowded last night with persons assembled to witness the marriage of Mr. Edward D. Easton to Miss Helen M. Jefferis. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Mortimer T. Jefferis, uncle of the bride, assisted by the pastor, Rev. Wilford Downs. A noticeable feature of this wedding was the marriage of a couple in a Methodist

was the marriage of a couple in a alcehodist church by an Episcopal minister. The bride is the daughter of Dr. John P. Jefferis, formerly of Westchester, Pa, and the groom is a well known stenographer, hav-ing been engaged in his professional capacity in two or more celebrated trials in this city The ushers were Messrs. George Lunney, W. S. Nicholson, R. V. La Dow, and F. J. Wood-

The bride were a white satin dress en train rimmed with Spanish lace, corsage bouquet, and orange blessoms; ornaments, diamonds.

Among the friends present from a distance were Mrs. Louisa Sappington and F. B. Sappington, of Frederick, Md., and Mr. W. H. Asken, of Baltimore. After receiving the congratulations of a host of friends, and viewing the large assortment of presents, Mr. and Mrs. Easton left on the 9:50 p. m. train for New York. After the star route trial is over, in which the groom is employed, Mr. and Mrs. Easton will make a tour of Eu-

Death of Henry Yeatman-Victim No. 1. A littlejover a month ago Mr. Henry Yeatman a faithful policeman of twenty-seven years' standing, was honorably dischargeed from the rolice force by Maj. Dye upon the recommendation of Dr. S. A. H. McKim, Capt. Ver-non, and Lieut. Gessford.—Mr. Yeatman was at the time of his discharge lying seriously ill at his residence in South Washington. This summary action of the authorities wore upon his mind and accelerated the disease (consumption), which he had contracted while in the line of duty. He died yesterday morning, aged 54 years, leaving a family of eight or ten children. Mr. Yeatman did not receive any amount from the policemen's fund, nor was any notice taken of his condition by the authorities after his "honorable discharge.'

Base Ball.

A very fine game of base ball took place on A very line game of base basi took piace on the Kendal Green grounds last evening be-tween the Georgetown College club and the Kendal club. The college club played a very fine game. The Kendals, failing to bat Maher's pitching fourteen times, lost the game by the following score:

Georgetown 2 0 4 0 0 3 2 4-15 Kendall 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 Base hits—Georgetown, 9; Kendal, 2. Errors—Georgetown, 6: Kendal, 16. Umpire—Mr. George Heck. Time of game, 1 hour and 50 minutes.

WEST WASHINGTON.

During the fishing season a report concerning the condition of the Potomac river water will be published each day, as furnished by the Washington aqueduct office, Georgetown, using the following scale of measurement: Very turbid, 0 to 8; turbid, 8 to 15; slightly turbid, 15 to 22; clear, 22 to 36. Condition of the water Thursday, May 24—At Great Falls, 6; at receiving reservoir, north connection, 5: south connection, 10: at distributing reservoir, 36.
One thousand five hundred bushels of wheat

were sold yesterday at from \$1.21\frac{1}{2} to \$1.24 per

The funeral of Mr. J. B. Wells took place yesterday afternoon from the chapel of Oak Hill cemetery, and was attended by a large number of the friends of the family. In the absence of Rev. Dr. Howe, paster of the P Street Presbyterian church, of which de-ceased was a prominent member, Rev. Dr. Childs performed the funeral services, and the following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. William L. Dunlop, B. R. Mayfield, S. Thomas Brown, John Leetch, M. V. Buckey,

and Levin Frey.

The river was alive with boats yesterday afternoon, all of the clubs having out an unusually large number of their members. From the Potomacs were the eight-oared shell, two four-oared shells, McKenny, McRae, Fisher, Smith, Nordsy and Cropley in singles, and ten pleasure boats. The Columbials of the control of the control of the columbials of the control of th

singles, and ten pleasure boats. The Columbias were represented by two four-oared shells, Lake in his single, one pair-oared, the ten- and four-oared barges and eight pleasure boats; from Johnson & Baker's were out eight pleasure boats.

McKenny, of the Potomacs, last evening was using his new shell, which he has just had built by Ruddick, of Boston; he is highly pleased with it, and will, with its aid, make a good showing at the Newark regatts. make a good showing at the Newark regatta on decoration day. He will take his last pull on the Potomac prior to that event this evening, and will leave here on Saturday night for Newark, exercising until the day of the

race over the course.

At the outset of the boating season it behooves not only the boat clubs, but all parties
who are in the habit of spending their evenings on the river, to make every effort to
have a stop put to the custom of the tugboats
driving through the harbor at full sneed for driving through the harbor at full speed, for unless some action is taken in this matter a serious accident is likely to occur at any hour, as was shown last evening when the tug Gilmor Meredith dashed at full speed through the port, making a tremendous swell, by which a pleasure boat from the Potomac boat house, in which were Messrs. Baker, Gascoigne, Hyde, and another gentleman, all of whom were thrown into the middle of the river, and one of the party, who was unable to swim, was only saved from drowning by the efforts of his companions, who kept him affoat until assistance arrived, when they were all picked up and taken to the boat house. The tug, after having caused the accident, was not even slackened down, but kept on her way without paying the least attention to the hour, as was shown last evening when the without paying the least attention to the men struggling in the water. Had this boat been loaded with ladies or children, as hundreds of them are through the season, it would have been impossible to save them all.

gregation of Trinity church (Co FAIRFIELD, IOWA.—Dr. J. L. Myers says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is the best from preparation I have ever known in my thirty years

A large number of young people of the con-regation of Trinity church (Catholic) took

THE COMMISSIONERS.

Record of a Day's Doings at the District Building. The commissioners have requested the secretary of the navy to loan them a steam

launch to be used in enforcing the fishing

The commissioners yesterday issued an order closing the district offices on memorial day. The contract for supplying 100,000 asphalt

blocks was yesterday awarded to the Maryland Paving company.

The contracts for street paving were resterday awarded to Messrs. Crawford &

Barber.

During the month of April, 1883, there were 381 deaths in the District of Columbia, a decrease of 51 as compared with the preceding month. Of this number, 107 were white males, 112 white females, 83 colored males, and 79 colored females, giving a death rate of 20.81 1,000 per annum for the white, 29.60 for the colored, and 23.81 for the total population. Compared with the month of April for the past nine years, the returns for this month show the greatest number of deaths and the highest death rate for the whites, while for the colored the reverse holds whites, while for the colored the reverse holds true, so far as the death rate is concerned, this month showing the lowest rate of mortality of any April during this period. The death rate of the total population was .16 greater than the mean death rate.

... The diseases which increased the mortality among the white population were measles, croup, diphtheria, scarlet fever, crysipelas, rheumatism, consumption, cancer, nervous diseases, heart diseases, and senile debility, while whooping cough inanition, consumption, and other tubercular diseases, bronchitis, pneumonia, and other lung diseases, premature birth, accidents, and negligence were the main cause of death among the col-

were the main cause of death among the colored pupulation.

Measles caused 3 deaths; croup, 5; diphtheria, 6; scarlet fever, 19; typhoid fever, 4; typho-malarial fever, 5; malarial fever, 3; diarrheat diseases, 5; whooping cough, 5; erysipelas, 4; inanition, 9; rheumatism, 7; consumption, 65; nervous diseases, 50; heart diseases, 19; pneumonia, 44; bronchitis, 6; eongestion of lungs, 9; congenital debility, 12; violence, 8. Nearly 20 per cent, of the decedents were under 1 year of age, 34 per cent, were under 20 years of age, Thirtyeight per cent, were over 40 years of age, eight per cent. were over 40 years of age, leaving only 14 per cent. between the ages of leaving only 14 p 20 and 40 years.

20 and 40 years.

Of those dying of consumption, 25 per cent. were under 10 years of age, 46 per cent. between 10 and 40, and 29 per cent. over 40 years of age. Of the total number of decedents, 50 per cent. were natives of the district, while of those dying of consumption less than 30 years excluded of less than 39 per cent. were natives, and of these 20 of the 25 were colored—a very favor-able showing for the white native population. The average daily mortality for the month was 12.7. The highest mortality (24) was reached on the fifth, the lowest (7) on the cighth and twenty nighth.

reached on the fifth, the lowest (7) on the eighth and twenty-ninth.

The average age of the white decedents was 37 years; of the colored, less than 19. The greatest number of deaths (49) occurred in the fifth sanitary division, the smallest number (5) in the twelfth. Twenty-six deaths occurred in Georgetown, 288 in Washington, 25 in the county, and 42 in various public institutions. Fifteen white males, 35 white females, 7 colored males, and 8 colored females were widows or widowers; 41 white males, 30 white females, 20 colored males. males, 30 white females, 20 colored males and 5 colored females were married; and 14 white males, 7 white females, 8 colored males, and 5 colored females were single.

Sixty-five per cent, of the white males, 64 per cent, of the white females, 42 per cent, of the colored males, and 23 per cent. of the colored females were over twenty years of age.
The mean barometer was 30.039. The
highest barometer (30.436) was on the fourteenth; the lowest (29.633) on the twenty-third; the monthly range, .813. The highest temperature (76.2) was on the twenty-eighth;

temperature (76.2) was on the twenty-eighth; the lowest (25.8) on the first.

There were nineteen days on which rain fell, and 4.09 inches fell during the month.

There were thirty-seven white, twenty colored, and one mixed marriage reported during the month; fifty-six white mail, sixty-one white female, fifty-two colored male, and forty-two colored female births reported among which number three were white and three which and three which number three were white and three colored cases of twins. There were fifteen white and sixteen colored still births. Seven white and twenty-four colored decedents were buried at public expense. Fifteen per-sons dying outside the district were buried within its limits. Nine transfer permits were issued for the removal of bodies already interred.

It is stated that Commissioner Edmonds has been elected proxy of the district in the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal company to vote upon the \$1,250,000 of stock held in this city

and Georgetown.

John A. Rawlins Post, No. 1, G. A. R., have sent a resolution to the district commis-sioners asking them to "waive the rule relative to the height in the case of John I. Morgan, an applicant for position on the police, he being five-eighths of an inch below the standard; also, that it is the sense of the John A. Rawlins post, No. I, that as an exception has been made in the case of an exrebel, the claim of a union soldier is entitled tive to the height in the case of John T. Morto some consideration."

Shipping News. Harbormaster Sutton reports the following

arrivals at the wharves yesterday: Schooners A. J. Tubman, —, 30 cords of wood for H. L. Biscoe; Uriah Horner, Weston, 30 cords of wood for J. C. Carter, and Emma F. Angel. Gerish, from Gardiner, Me., with 1,083 tons of ice for the Great Falls Ice company, this being her first trip, and the voyage made in six days. AT GEORGETOWN.

Arrived yesterday—Schooners W. L. Rob-erts, Bray, and O. H. Boothe, Blake, both from New York, and B. R. Woodside, Reed, from Washington.
Sailed—Schooners William D. Walker,
Rogers, for Boston; Josic M. Burt, Burt, for
Boston; Lillie Holmes, Holmes, for Fall River;
O. H. Booth, Blake, for Brooklyn—all with

MEMORANDA

Schooners John Shay, Clark, and Richard Vaux, Bartlett, from this place, arrived at New York on the twenty-third instant; schooner Nettie Champion, Champion, sailed from Boston on the twenty-third instant for Washington, D. C.; schooner William R. Hunter, Crowley, sailed from Fall river, twenty-first instant, for this place; schooner Corn. ——, sailed from Kennebec, twenty-first instant, for Washington, D. C. CANAL MATTERS.

Twenty-four loaded boats arrived yesterday, and the following left for their verious destinations up the canal: Benj. Williamson, Osceola and Jakie, West Virginia, Jennetta, Lizzie K., William Jackson, Baltimore, G. F. Smith, Myersdale, H. Hennekamp, O. G. N. Hoffman, Mattie, Emma Woltz, A. H. Samp, Cumberland, C. F. Myers, Altoona, Altair, Willie D, Potomac, F. M. Offutt, J. M. Schley, A. H. Bradt, Judge Douglas, J. J. Williams, W. J. Boothe, jr., Plough Boy, Walter, Bell, Benjamin Vaughan, Hollander, G. M. Ryan, J. E. Dyer and Bro., W. H. Marlow, Bertha Bender, Belle Humbird, Dr. Knott, Sallie Bender, Belle Humbird, Dr. Knott, Sallie Burwell, J. H. Farrow, J. H. Milstead, Mat-thew Kersey, J. M. Dove, Burton Brown, Berkerbill, Burnadetta, Cloud.

JOPLIN, Mo .- Dr. J. B. Morgan says: find that Brown's Iron Bitters gives satisfaction to all who use it."

The Barrett Club Benefit. The performance to be given by the Barrett club on Monday next will not be repeated in this city. The performance, which is reckoned to be the best the club has ever given, will consist of a presentation of the comedy, "David Garrick" and the farce, "Mr. and Mrs. Peter White," cast to the full strength of the club, rehearsed to clock like strength of the club, rehearsed to clock like management, and dressed with elaborte taste by the Philadelphia costumer, A. H. Van Horn. The following are the casts announced: "David Garrick "—David Garrick, Mr. Willam A. Lackey; Simon Ingot, Mr. C. B. Rheem; Squire Chivy, Mr. Wi liam C. Murdock; Mr. Smith, Mr. O. G. Eckstein; Mr. Brown, Mr. S. R. Flynn; Mr. Jones, Mr. J. R. Littell; George, Mr. George Sheldon; Ada, Miss Rosa Whiceler; Mrs. Araminta Brown, Miss Anita Hendrie; Mrs. Smith, Miss Maude Freeman. "Mr. and Mrs. Peter White"—Peter White, Mr. E. Hay; Major Pepper, Mr. J. B. Flynn;

Frank Brown, Mr. William A. Lackey; Mrs. Peter White, Miss Evans; Widow White, Miss Julia Wheeler; Kitty, Miss May Mc-Cauley. The box sheet is open at Ellis's music store, and the sale of seats is already encouraging.

HOUSES OF MOURNING.

Two Old Residents Yesterday Carried to Their Last Home by Mourning Friends. The funeral services of the late venerable Andrew Rothwell were held at the E Street Baptist church yesterday afternoon. There was a very large attendance of the friends of the deceased, nearly all the old citizens being present. The trustees of Columbian college were present in a body. The remains rested in a cloth-covered oak casket, with a heavy silver plate, upon which was inscribed "Andrew Rothwell, died May 21, 1883, aged 81 years and 6 months." The floral offerings were numerous and beautiful. Rov. Dr. Samson, of New York, officiated, assisted by Rev. Drs. Hill, Faunce, Meador, and Schute. The pall bearers were Messrs. Wm. Fletcher. Rev. Drs. Hill, Faunce, Meador, and Schute. The pall bearers were Messrs, Wm. Fletcher, J. T. Little, E. W. Dennison, J. J. Darlington, F. Stickney, John T. Given, E. Haines, Albert W. Wilson, Clement W. Howard, and Rev. Dr. Welling, president of Columbian university. The choir during the services sang "Why Do We Mourn Departing Friends?" "If Jesus be My Friend," and Warren's quartette, "Rock of Ages." The interment was made at the Congressional cemetery.

The funeral of the late Samuel Magee was The funeral of the late Samuel Magee was held at the residence, 707 G street northwest yesterday afternoon. The Masonic burial services were celebrated by W. M. Isaac Fairbrother, of Federal lodge, No. 1, F. A. A. M., of which the deceased was a member. The pallbearers were S. John Thompson, John Mather, G. Y. Atlee, and George Reardon. The burial was made in Oak Hill cemetery.

CORPUS CHRISTI.

Young Girls and Boys Taking Their First Communion in the Church.

Yesterday was the movable feast of Corpus Christi in the Catholic churches, and was observed with due solemnity and effect. Among the events of the day was the beautiful ceremony of children taking their first communion. Particularly at St. Matthews was this spectacle impressive and poetic. Thirty-six girls and twenty-five boys, the former all dressed in white with white veils and wreaths, and the boys with red badges, marched from the Christian Brothers, on K street to the church at 5 o'clock in the morning under the charge of the brothers. At the church they took their first communion. After communion they marched back to the school. In the gray of the early dawn this procession of white robed children was a striking and beautiful spectacle to the most prosaic mind. To the imaginative and sympathetic it was fraught with a poetic and religious loveliness that made an ineffaceable impression and wielded a lasting influence.

Social Notes.

Mr. William T. Cox, of No. 480 E street southwest, and Mr. Joseph P. Smith, of No. 409 E street, two popular young men of South Washington, both of whom arrived at man's estate on Tuesday, were agreeably remembered by a large number of their friends with presents and bouquets, and in the evening a large party gathered at Mr. Cox's residence, where the event was becomingly celebrated. The choir of the Fifth Street Baptist church participated in the musical part of the pro-gramme, at the conclusion of which refreshments were served. Among those present were:

were:

Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Cox, the Misses Jennie, Ida, and Columbia Cox. Mrs. Ray, the Misses Nannie and Maggie Pumphrey, Ella Craig, Bettle Me-Ewen, Josie and Ella Schoenecker, Mamie Hughes, of Philadelphia; Katie Kochler, Sarah King, Emma Elmore, Maggle Thomas, Alice Wyme, Mattle Yonson, Emma Pierce, Maggle Anderson, Emma Lucas, Mattle Jones, Ida Woodyard, Mamie Pearson, Lizzle Holton, Annie Chariton, Winnie Kilbourne, Geneva Wimsted, Jennie Hatchar, Henderson, Stevens, McCarthy, Mr. and Mrs. Sleadiman, Rev. C. C. Meador, pastor of the Fifth Street Baptist church, Judge Pailen, Pross. King, Garland, and Parsons, Messers, John a Cox, Arthur and Joseph Smith, Frank and John P. Hadley, J. R. Bradley, Joseph Bailey, Harry Riley, Watson, Clark, Hosehammer, Jadd, Gwynn, Anderson, and others.

ALEXANDRIA AFFAIRS. Dr. T. L. Poulson, of this city, spoke on temperance to a large and enthusiastic audi-ence at Freedman's Village on Wednesday

The Potomac Ferry company have made various improvements at their wharf in this city; they are now engaged in filling up a part of the dock at the foot of King street, which will be a great improvement.

Mr. John McDurmit and Miss Kate Patteron were united in marriage at St. Mary's

church yesterday.

The schooner Ellen Tobin, of New York, cleared for Newburg with a load of coal by the American Coal company yestorday, Deputy United States Marshal I. C. O'Neal left this city yesterday for Baltimore to attend the marriage of his nephew, George C.

Grimm, a large contractor of that city.

There was an alarm of fire, which brought out the fire department, cause by the burning of a chimney yesterday.

Edward Robinson, of Fauquier county, was brought before Commissioner Fowler yester-day charged with selling liquor without a license, but owing to the want of sufficient

evidence he was discharged. Amelia Kramer died of lockjaw Wednesday. caused by running a nail in one of her feet

about three weeks ago.

Corpus Christi day was celebrated yesterday at St. Mary's church by high mass and benediction. A novena to the Sacred Heart of Jesus was commenced, and will last nine

The market remains quiet and easy. There is no change to note in flour. Two thousand two hundred bushels of wheat sold at \$1.05 for common, \$1.16 to \$1.18 for Fultz and \$1.18 to \$1.20 for fair Lancaster. Two thousand five hundred and fifty bushels of corn were offered and sold at 61c. for white and yellow No rye was reported, and small lots of oat brought 54c. and 55c.

LOCAL MENTION.

A Wonderful Discovery.

Read's Three-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure is the wonder of the nineteenth century, as no sick or nervous headache, neuralgia, or any acute pain can resist it more than two minutes, as can be proven by hundreds of Baltimore's beat citizens. It's an outward application, and only costs 25 cents. Sold by all druggists and country stores. W. H. Read, proprietor, Baltimore and Light streets, Baltimore, Md. Sent by mail on receipt of 20 cents. ceipt of 30 cents. P. S.

Also proprietor of Read's Grand Duchem Cologne—the finest cologne in the world.

A LITTLE rub with gentle hand, Applying Read's Three-MinuteCure, No headache on the earth will stand, But vanish in an instant sure.

Thousands say it's a priceless boon When headache racks the throbbing brain In silent night or busy noon, so easy thus to free the pain,

No dose is given; no stop to rest; No doctor's bill, or bandaged brow, This wondrous cure has many blessed, They speak enraptures of it now. Job Printing

Of every description executed neatly at the shortest notice at THE REPUBLICAN Job Rooms. Don't suffer a moment with neuralgia or head-ache when you can get Read's Türce-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure für 25 centa.

The highest cash prices paid for dresses and gents clothing, watches, jowelry, &c. Call on or address Herzog, No. 306 Ninth street, near Penn-sylvania ayenue. SEVEN doctors recommend Read's Three-Min ute Headache and Neuralgia Cure as one of the wonders of the age.

"Alderney Dairy Wagon Fresh Alderney butter churaed every morning and delivered in ½1b. "Ward" prints, at 40c. per li Also cottage cheese, 5c. per ball; buttermik, 5c per quart, and sweet milk, 5c. per quart.

Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure. Read's 3-Minute Headache and Neuralgia Cure.

Coly 25 cents, or five for \$1.
Only 25 cents, or five for \$1.
This is the wonder of the nineteenth century.
This is the wonder of the nineteenth century.

BROWN.—On Wednesday, May 23, 1863, at 245 p. m. WALLACE PRAFT BROWN, Infant son of George H. and Elizabeth Revenue of his parents, No. 1822 Twelfth street mortiwest, to morrow (Friday), at 1. m.

Anderinkers.

W. R. SPEARE

UNDERTAKER.

940 F Street Northwest.

Everything strictly first-class and on the most reasonable terms.

HENRY LEE'S SONS, UNDERTAKERS. 332 Pennsylvania Avenue N. W. Branch Offices: (204 Pennsylvania avenue s. c. 456 Maryland avenue s. c.

Special Motices.

A. A. P. R.—THE MEMBERS OF THE
several bodies of the A. A. S. R. are requested
to estemble at the sanctuary, corner of D and Seventh streats, at his o'clock p. m., FRIDA y, the 25th
instant, to attend the funeral of Brother Josish Essed, 33d degree, which will take piace at the Central
Prosbyterian Church (Rev. Df. Pilzer), corner of
Third and I streets northwest, and 4 o'clock p. m.
WM. R. SINGLETON, Registrar.
HALVOR NELSON, Recorder,
J. J. LITTLE, Secretary.

HOWARD UNIVERSITY—COLLEGE Alumui—Third Triennial Meeting at 8 o'clock THIS EVENING. Richard T. Moss, A. B., of the Class of '78, will address the association. The public are invited. SPECIAL NOTICE.

A special meeting of the Columbia Boat Club will be geld at the boat house on SATURDAY EVEN-ING, the 25th instant, at 7:30 o. m., to consider the advisability of holding an open regata in August next. By order.

H. C. TOWERS,
Financial Secretary.

NEW YORK PHOTO COMPANY (DAVIS branch), 721 Seventh street northwest-Continued reduction for fine photographs. Cabinets, 12 per dozen, Cabinets, 1,59 per half dozen, Cabinets, 12 per dozen. Proofs shown and satisfaction guaranteed. of the per from 11 a. H. to 2 o clock p. m.

Polls open from 11 a. H. to 2 o clock p. m.

I. FENWICK p. TOURG.

Polls open from 11 a. H. to 2 o clock p. m.

I. FENWICK YOUNG.

Secretary.

POSTOFFICE NOTICE Fereign mails for the week ending May 26th, will close at this office as follows:

SATURDAY,—At 250 a. m. for Europe, per steamship Germanic, via Queenstown (letters for Germany and Scotland must be directed "per Germany in the steam of the steam ward Islands, per steamship Muriel; at 1:20 p. m. for Cuba and Porto Bico, per steamship Niagara, via Havana.

SUNDAY.—At 7:30 p. m. for Houduras and Livingston, per steamship Wanderer, via New Orleans. Mails for Chitia and Japan, per steamship City of Tokio (via San Francisco) close here Mar *24 st 7 p. m. Mails for Australia, New Zesiand, Sandwich and Fiji Islands, per steamship City of New York (via San Francisco), close here May *24 st 7 p. m. *The schedule of closing of Trans-Pacdic mails is arranged on the presumpting of their uninterrupted overland transit to San Francisco. Mails from the east arriving on time at San Francisco on the day of sailing of steamers are dispatched thence the same day.

Ay.

HENRY G. PEARSON,
Postoffice, New York, May 18, 1882. POSTOFFICE, NEW YORK, May 18, 1862.

THE RICHMOND TOOTH CROWN AND OR ARTIFICIAL TEETH WITHOUT PLATES. I have engaged Dr. C. L. Anderson, an expert in Crown work, to introduce and take charge of this style of fine Dental mechanism, which has met with such a large measure of success in New York and other cities.

Badly decayed teeth and roots restored to beauty and usefulness, and by use of the "bridging" process teeth can be inserted to fill up the spaces produced by loss of the natural ones, without the use of a plate. These operations are cleanly, natural in appearance, and permaneut, GEORGE B. WELCH, Dentist,

ermaneut, GEORGE B. WELCH, Dentist, 219 Four-and-a-half street.

THE WEST WASHINGTON CONSERV-atory of Music, J. P. Caulfield, musical di-rector, principal, No. 1227 Thirty-first street, one door above the postoffice. Pupils received at any time. H. D. COOKE, President. F. R. BARBARIN, Secretary.

DR. HARTLEBEN, SUCCESSOR TO DR
Carman, 1015, Fourteenth street northwest
Pine Dentistry at reasonable rates (see Evening Star)
eighteen years' experience.

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eighteen years' experience. myō-im'

FRED'K SPRINGMANN, C. E. SPRINGMANN, Springmann Bros., Nos. 618, 618, 629
Maryland avenue scuthwest, are prepared to do all kinds of local express business, delivering to and from the railway depots and stesmboat wharves. Handling furniture and heavy machinery our specialty, Orders solicited. We give our personal attention. Springmann Bros. References: S. S. Sheed, 469 Ninth and D northwest: Hayward & Hutchinson, Ninth, near D northwest: Hayward & Hutchinson, Ninth, near D northwest: Manuser W. U. Tal. Co. Manuser.

near D northwest; Manager W. U. Tel. Co.; Manage Nat. Tel. Co.; Nat. Rep. Pub. Co.; T. Toumey. KNIGHT'S ASTHMA CURE, IRC
Hop, Hestetters, and all the litters of
COUGHLIN'S
F and Ninth streets northwes

NOTICE TO HORSE OWNERS AND FEED DEALERS
Pure clover, cut and delivered, at \$15.00 per ton. Mixed clover and timothy, at \$16.00 "
All hay guaranteed as represented. Si9 and Sil Seventh atreet northwest. INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE BEST COMPANIES, AND IN CASE OF LOSS YOU ARE PROMPTLY PAID.

Our Insurance Department embraces the Ætna, Hartford, Franklin, Springfield Fire and Marine, Howard and Home, of Baltimore: National, of Hartford; Royal and the London and Lancashire, of Liverpool.

HARRY C. TOWERS & CO., BANKERS, BROKERS, AND INSURANCE, 1420 F STREET.

Harry C. Towers, member of the Stock Exchange Harry C. Towers, member of the Stock Exchange.

DENTIST,—HOWLAND DENTAL ASSUCIATION, No. 211 Four-and-a-half street,
three doors north of Pennsylvania avenue, east side.
Hereafter extractions under Nitrous Oxide, without
pain, will be \$1 for the first tooth and \$0 cents each additional tooth at the same sitting. Extractions withoat gas, \$0 cents each tooth. Best Artificial Teeth
made, \$7 per set. Gold and Amaigam Fillings from
\$1 to \$5. All work warranted first class. Have administered Nitrous Oxide to over \$0.000 patients. Old
sets of artificial teeth repulshed and made to look
and feel like new for \$1.

A. S. TAYLOR.
JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, NOTARY PUB-LIC, AND COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, 1221 F street northwest.

EDW. H. THOMAS, Attorney at Law, Room No. 8, front room, above main entrance Wa-ner Building, 916 F street northwest. AIR PILLOWS, BAGS, ATOMIZERS
Douches, and other Rubber Goods at
COUGHLIN'S, Masonic Temple.

DR. H. O CANDEE, VITAPATHIC Physician. I employ all the vast health resources of nature, scientifically applied through vital medicine. Food, water, air, heat, light, electricity, and vital magnetism. I treat all difficulties—lemorrhoids, malaria, all bleed diseases, &c. Consultation free. on free. 8, 000 F street northwest, opposite Masonic

CLEANSE YOUR BLOOD; HOOD'S
Ayer's, and other Sarsaparillas and all the
Blood Purifiers sold at
COUGHLIN'S DRUG STORE.

CHARLES CALVERT LANCASTER, ATTORNEY AND BOLICITOR, OFFICE, 1313 P STREET.

Practice in the Supreme Court of the United States, in the Courts of the District of Columbia, and the Executive Departments. Special attention to Claims and Collections. PREPARED BIRD FOOD, SEED, BAND, &c. Ely's Cream Baim, Holman's Fads, Pure Cod Liver Oil, to cents a pint, at COUGHLIN'S.

J. B. OLCOTT, LIVERY AND SALE STABLES. Rear of 1326 I street northwest.

Handsome Carriages for Calls, Receptions, &c., &c. Connected with Telephone Exchange. Fine Horse and Turnouts always on hand and for sale. All or ders promptly attended to. Agent for Horse-Clipping Machine.

WARNER'S KIDNEY CURE, MRS.
Pinkham's Compound, Curealine, Cam's
Corns Solvent, and all the new remedles at
COUGHLIN'S, Masonic Temple. HOMEOFATHIC MEDICINES, SPECI-sos, Witch Hazel Oil Tracheal Drops, Nes-ues, Mellins, Neaves, and other Infants' Food, at COUGHLINS.

Anction Sules.

SALE OF CONDEMNED PROVISIONS Auction sale at the Navy Yard, Washington, D. C., TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1881, at 12 o'clock m., of Condemned Provisions, belonging to the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, consisting of Navy Bread, Beef, Flour, Dried Apples, Butter, and Beans.

A full schedule of the articles can be seen by applying at the office of the commandant.

THOS. PATTIBON,
Commodore U. S. N., Commandant.

DUNCANSON EROS., Auctioneer.

WANTED-BUBINESH MEN TO KNOW THAT Bepublican Office quicker and in a more satisfactory manner than at any other place in the city.

Proposals. DROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

THEASURY DEPARTMENT, May 3, 1883,

Bealed proposals for furnishing stationery for the fiscal year ending June 10, 1884, will be received at this Department until the 5th day of June, 1883, at 12 clock m. Blank forms for bidding will be furnished upon ap-Hask forms for bidding will be furnished upon application.

The bids will be considered and accepted or rejected item by item; and this advertisement and the proposal, so far as accepted by the Secretary of the Treasury, and the bond accompanying the same, shall constitute the contract between the devernment and the bidder or bidders, and no further contract will be executed.

The articles contracted for must be furnished from time to time during the year, in quantities pursuant to orders from the Department. The entire quantities will, however, be called for during the year.

Each proposal must be signed by the individual or firm making it, and be accompanied by a bond with sufficient sureties in the sum of two thousand dollars (2,000), approved by a United States officer of the district in which the sureties reside or do business, on a form to be furnished by the Department, conditioned for furnishing such portions of the articles as may be awarded under it, and the performance of the outract.

Proposals unaccompanied by such bond will not be.

Proposals to be addressed to the undersigned, and marked "Froposals for Stationery."
Deliveries must be free of charge at the Treasury Department, Washington, D. C., and will be subject to impection by an expert detailed for the purpose by the S-crotary of the Treasury, and the delivery of an inferior article will be deemed sufficient cause to annul the contract, at the option of the Secretary, The Department reserves the right to waive defects and relied any or all bids. annul ills contract.

The Department reserves the right to The Department reserves the right to The Department reserves the right to The Department of the Treasury.

Secretary of the Treasury.

PROPOSALS FOR WRAPPING PAPER, TWING, LETTER BALANCES, AND MARKING AND RATING STAMPS.

Postoffice Department.

Washington, D. C., May 3, 1883.

Ecaled proposals will be received at this Department until the SEVENTH day of JUNE, 1883. At 12 o'clock moon for furnishing Wrapping Paper, Twine, Letter Balances, and Marking and Rating Stanpa, for the 122 of the postoffices in the United States, for one year from the first day of July, 1882.

Blanks for proposals and circulars, stating the kind and estimated quantiles required, and giving full instructions as to manner of bidding and conditions to be observed by bidders, will be furnished on application to the "Blank Agency, Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C.

The Postunater General reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. Q. GRESHAM,

PROPOSALS FOR BLANKS, BLANK BOOKS, AND PRINTED MATTER FOR THE MONEY ORDER BUSINESS.

W. Q. GRESHAM, Postmester General.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 5, 1833.

Bealed proposals will be received at this Department until WEDINESDAY, the SIXTH DAY of JUNE. 1833, at 12 o'clock m., for furnishing, in such quantities, and at such times as they may be ordered, all the blanks, black books, and printed matter to be supplied to postmasters by the Postmaster General or used in his Department for the transaction of the money order business, during a period of four years, commencing on the third day of September, 1838.

Blank forms of bids, with samples of printed blanks and full specifications, will be furnified upon application to the Superintendent of the Money Order System, Postoffice Department, Washington, D. C., at whose office samples of bound books may be seen.

V. Q. Gif ES HAM.

TOROPOSALS FOR MICHER P. BUNGUES TO THE PROPOSALS FOR MICHER P. BUNGUES TO THE P. T. BODOSALS FOR MICHER P. BUNGUES TO THE P.

PROPOSALS FOR TICKET PUNCHES.

PROPOSALS FOR TICKET PUNCHES.

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT.

WASHINGTON, I. C., May I. ISM.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until the 2D DAY OF JUNE, 1835, for furnishing 5,500 Ticket Punches, either stat onary or in the form of pilers, to be delivered at this Department on or before the 10th day of August, 1835.

The punches are to supply the new want of the service, being required for use in the hasse of p stal notes. Bidders will submit with their proposals samples of the punches offered to be furnished by the may be not be proposals are to be made in accordance with the printed forms and specifications which will be furnished on application, by letter, to the "Superince and the content of the Money-Order System, rostofice Department, Washington, D. C., to whom bidders should address their scaled proposals, marked on the nvelope, "Proposals for Punches."

A decision on the bids will be made on or before the 6th day of June, 1853, the right being reserved to reject any or all of them.

W. Q. GRESHAM, Postmaster General.

W. Q. GRESHAM, Postmaster General. PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY,

POSTOPPICE DEPARTMENT, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 1, 1883. Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until 12 o clock m. on TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1883, for furuishing Stationery for the Postoffice Department for one year from July 1, 1883.

Hank forms of proposals, showing the items and estimated quantities required, together with circular relating thereto, will be furnished on application to this Department.

Proposals should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmaster General, and indorsed "Proposals for Stationers."

Postmaster General, and indersed "Proposals for Stationery." The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY. NAVY DEPARTMENT.
WASHINGTON, May 7, 1883.
Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until 12 o'clock in. on WEDNESDAY, the SIXTH DAY of JUNE, 1883, for furnishing stationery for the Navy Department and bureaus and offices thereof, in Washington, during the fiscal year ending June 20, 1884. June 30, 1884.

Blank forms of proposals, giving the necessary information, will be furnished on application to this

formation, which is the reserves the right to waive defects and to reject any or all bids.

Froposals should be addressed to the Secretary of the Navy, and indorsed "Proposals for Stationery," Ed. T. NICHOLS,

Acting secretary of the Navy.

PROPOSALS FOR POSTOFFICE ENVELOPES PROPOSALS FOR POSTOFFICE ENVELOPES

POSTOFFICE DEPARTMENT,
WASHINGTON, IL C., MMY I. 1882.
Sealed proposals will be received at this bepartment until THURSDAY, the 7th. day of June. 1883.
at 12 o'clock m., for furnishing Postoffice Envelopes in such quantities and at such times as they may be ordered during the fiscal year ending June 20, 1884, of the 1016 billion of the 1016 billion

PROPOSALS FOR REPAIRING BITUMINOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENTS IN THE CITY OF WASHINGTON, D. C.

OFFICE OF THE ENGINEER COMMISSIONER, WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14, 1852 Washington, D. C., May 14, 1852.

By direction of the Board of Commissioners, scaled proposals will be received at this office until 12 of clock in on Filiphary, JUNE 1, 1853, for Repairing Bituminous Concrete Pavements upon various stream and avenues in the city of Washington, D. C.

Blank forms of proposals and specifications can be obtained at this office upon application therefor, together with all necessary information, and bids upon these forms will alone be considered.

The right is reasered to reject any and all bids and parts of bids.

Major of Engineers U. S. A.

Engineer Commissioner, District of Columbia.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

WAR DEPARTMENT, May 4, 1882.

Sealed proposals will be received at this Departs ment until 12 o'clock noon MONDAY, MAY 28, 1853. for furnishing stationery for the War Department and its Eureaus in Washington during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884.

Blank forms of proposals, showing the items and estimated quantities required, together with circular relating thereto, will be furnished on application to the representation of the considered of the envelope. Proposals must be addressed to the Secretary of War, indorsed on the guisde of the envelope. Proposals for Stationery. Blds will be considered on each item separately.

Bids will be considered on each item separately.

ROBERT T. LINCOLN, Secretary of War.

PROPOSALS FOR STATIONERY.

POSTOPPICE DEPARTMENT. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 28, 1881. WASHINGTON, D. C. April 25, 1883. Sealed proposals will be received at this Department until 17 o'clock m. on TUESDAY, JUNE 5, 1883, for furnishing Stationery for the use of first and second class postoffices for one year from July 1, 1883. Blank forms of proposals, showing the items and estimated quantities required, together with circular relating thereto, will be furnished on application to this Department. Proposals should be addressed to the First Assistant Postmatter, General, and Indorsed "Proposals for Stationery, General, G Stationery."

The Postmaster General reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

W. Q. GRESHAM, Postmaster General PROPOSALS FOR BOCK EXCAVATION.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE,
2138 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE,
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 17, 1893.
Sealed proposals, in triplicate, will be received at
this office until 12 o'clock noon on WEDNESDAY,
JUNE 2, 1883, and opened immediately thereafter,
for the removal of rocks in Georgetown Harbor,
D. C. D. C. Specifications forms of proposals, and all neces-sary information can be obtained on application to this office.

PETER C. HAINS, Major of Englavors. PROPOSALS FOR MATERIAL OFFICE OF THE PUBLIC PRINTER, WARHINGTON, May 11, 1883 WARHINGTON, May 11, 1800.

Proposals for "material" for use of the Government Printing Office for fiscal year ending June is, 1854, will be received at this office until 10 o'clock a. m., JUNE 6, 1783. Schedules and Information furnished upon application to S. P. ROUNDS, Public Printer, Washington, D. C.

PAPER

-AT-

MORRISON'S. 805 AND 807 D STREET.

I OR SALE-PRINTED CARDS, "FURNISHE R. Rooms, with Table Hoard;" "This House for Rent, apply at "," and "Furnished Rooms for Rent," price 10 cents each, are for as a with Binness Office of The National Republication.